

Supported by



Observation of an 'Anomalous' High-Energy Feature on Energetic Ion Spectra in NSTX using the E||B Neutral Particle Analyzer

College W&M **Colorado Sch Mines** Columbia U CompX **General Atomics** INEL Johns Hopkins U LANL LLNL Lodestar MIT **Nova Photonics** New York U **Old Dominion U** ORNL **PPPL** PSI **Princeton U Purdue U** SNL Think Tank, Inc. **UC Davis UC** Irvine **UCLA** UCSD **U** Colorado **U Illinois U** Maryland **U** Rochester **U** Washington **U Wisconsin**

S. S. Medley

NSTX Research Forum December 1-3, 2009 Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory





Culham Sci Ctr U St. Andrews York U Chubu U Fukui U Hiroshima U Hyogo U Kyoto U Kyushu U Kvushu Tokai U NIFS Niigata U **U** Tokyo JAEA Hebrew U loffe Inst **RRC Kurchatov Inst** TRINITI **KBSI** KAIST POSTECH ASIPP ENEA. Frascati CEA, Cadarache **IPP**, Jülich **IPP**, Garching ASCR, Czech Rep **U** Quebec

Office of

Science

Illustration of the High-Energy Feature (HEF) H-modes: $I_p = 0.9$ MA, $B_T = 4.5$ kG, AB&C @ 90 keV, $P_{NB} = 6$ MW, $n_eL \sim 6.6x10^{13}$ cm⁻²



HEF Existence Requires Feeble Kink/TAE MHD Activity

- no MHD 'chirping' is observed on Mirnov signals during HEF interval



Some 'Factiods' Related to Observation of HEFs

- Only observed during H-mode discharges (never in L-modes).
- Not observed in the presence of n=1 kink modes and/or robust ($\delta B_{rms} > 75$ mGauss) TAE activity.
- HEFs can 'turn-on' and 'turn-off' multiple times during a discharge, in 'counter-sync' with occurrence of < 140 kHz MHD activity.
- Onset of the HEF is not 'abrupt' but exhibits a growth time of ~ 20 60 ms.
- Not observed for $P_b < 4$ MW (even during brief P_b notches to lower power).
- The magnitude of the HEF flux is modulated by strong bursting MHD EPM activity or "avalanches", just like the normal slowing down ion distribution.
- HEFs are suppressed by robust LITER operation (e.g. > 50-100 mg/shot).

Future Work

Dedicated XP for Exploration of the High-Energy Feature(HEF): Total ~ 34 Shots







The Neutral Particle Analyzer (NPA) on NSTX Scans Horizontally Over a Wide Range of Tangency Angles on a Shot-to-Shot Basis



• Intersection of the NPA sightline with beam neutrals (primary and halo) localizes the charge exchange flux measurement in space and field pitch, v_{II}/v .



The Field Pitch, v_{II}/v, Viewed by the NPA Depends on Both the Horizontal and Vertical Sightline Setting

• For 'standard' values of the NPA $R_{tan} \sim 70$ - 80 cm, $v_{II}/v \sim 0.80 \pm 0.1$ (blue bar).